بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحَمْنِ الرَّحَيمِ

Do Not Waste Your Ramadan

By Abu Idrīs Muḥammad b. Aslam

الْحَمْدُ اللهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ، وَالْعَاقِبَةُ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ، وَلَا عُدْوَانَ إِلَّا عَلَى الظَّالِمِينَ، وَأَشْهَدُ أَنْ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللهُ، وَحْدُهُ لَا شَرِيكَ لَهُ، إِقْرَارًا بِهِ وَتَوْجِيدًا، وَأَشْهَدُ أَنَّ مُحَمَّدًا عَبْدُهُ وَرَسُولُهُ، صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ تَسْلِيمًا مَزيدًا.

أُمَّا يَعْدُ:

This is a reminder, first and foremost to myself, and then to my brothers and sisters in Trinidad and Tobago, and likewise, to those listening online. It is a small reminder, but a reminder with a strong message nonetheless, and that is: Allah subḥānahu wa taʿālá has blessed us to reach this Glorious month of Ramaḍān, a month which is filled with Raḥmah (mercy), Maġfirah (forgiveness), and likewise, an opportunity to be able to draw closer to Him subḥānahu wa taʿālá, and to reach the ultimate goal of Paradise. May Allāh allow us to reach Paradise. Āmīn.

But at the same time, it is a month, that if not utilized and capitalized in a good way, it could work against us, and it can be a wasted opportunity. So, this is a reminder based upon that tremendous hadīth:

Abū Hurayrah radiyallāhu ʻanhu narrates that the Prophet ṣallallāhu ʻalayhi wa sallam ascended the pulpit and said: «Āmīn» thrice. When he descended the pulpit, he was asked: O' Messenger of Allāh! When you ascended the pulpit, you said «Āmīn» thrice.

Wallāhī, brothers and sisters, this is something that makes a person really reflect about the reality of this Month.

(إِنَّ جِبْرِيلَ عَلَيْهِ السَّلامُ أَتَانِي، فَقَالَ: مَنْ أَدْرَكَ شَهْرَ رَمَضَانَ، فَلَمْ يُغْفَرْ لَهُ، فَمَاتَ، فَدَخَلَ النَّارَ، فَأَبْعَدَهُ اللهُ، قُلْ: آمِينَ. وَمَنْ أَدْرَكَ أَبُويْهِ، أَوْ أَحَدَهُمَا، فَلَمْ يَبَرَّهُمَا، فَمَاتَ، فَدَخَلَ النَّارَ، فَأَبْعَدَهُ اللهُ، قُلْ: آمِينَ. فَقُلْتُ: آمِينَ. فَقُلْتُ: آمِينَ. فَقُلْتُ: آمِينَ. فَقُلْتُ: آمِينَ. فَقُلْتُ: آمِينَ.

«Jibrīl came to me and said: 'Whoever reaches the Month of Ramaḍān and is not forgiven, and he dies, then he will enter the Hellfire, and Allāh subḥanahu wa ta'ālá will cast him far away, so say: 'Āmīn.' I said: 'Āmīn.' Whoever sees his parents in old age, one or both of them, and he does not honor them, and he dies, then he will enter Hellfire and Allāh will cast him far away, so say: 'Āmīn.' I said: 'Āmīn.' Whoever has your name mentioned in his presence and does not send blessings upon you, and he dies, then he will enter Hellfire and Allāh will cast him far away, so say: 'Āmīn.' I said: 'Āmīn.'»¹

What is the shāhid? The shāhid is the first part of the ḥadīth which is what I wish to discuss with you. The Messenger of Allāh sallallāhu 'alayhi wa sallam said: «Jibrīl came to me and said: 'Whoever reaches the Month of Ramaḍān and is not

¹ Related by Ibn Khuzaymah and Ibn Ḥibbān, no. 915. Al-Albānī authenticated it in Ṣaḥīḥ al-Tarḍīb wa al-Tarhīb, no. 1679.

forgiven, and he dies, then he will enter the Hellfire, and Allāh subḥānahu wa taʿālá will cast him far away.» So, how could a person enter Ramaḍān and yet this is his fate? That he will not be forgiven? How are we to understand this ḥadīth? We understand the ḥadīth by the following: This Month, my brothers and sisters, is filled with opportunities to seek Allāh's forgiveness. It is filled with opportunities for your sins to be forgiven. Allāh has given us so many opportunities in this Month, so if a person enters it and still is not forgiven, then we understand from Jibrīl's words that he is a wretched person. Ramaḍān comes and yet he is not forgiven. With all what we have in Ramaḍān he is still not forgiven. How could that be?

Allah ta'ālá says:

«The Month of Ramaḍān in which the Qur'ān was revealed; a guidance for mankind, and clear proofs for the guidance and the criterion between right and wrong.»²

Allāh ta'ālá also says:

«We have certainly revealed (the $Qur'\bar{a}n$) in the Night of Qadr. And what will make you know what the Night of Qadr is? The night of al-Qadr is better than a thousand months.»

How could a person not capitalize on Ramaḍān? How could Ramaḍān not be for them when Allāh mentions that the Qurʾān was revealed in this month? When we have a Night that is better than a thousand months?

Abū Hurayrah radiyallāhu 'anhu narrates that the Messenger ṣallallāhu 'alayhi wa sallam said:

«When Ramaḍān comes, the doors of Paradise are open, and the doors of Hellfire are closed, and the Shayāṭīn are restricted» Another narration reads: «The Shayāṭīn are chained»⁴.

So, how do we understand, my brothers and sisters, that the doors of Paradise are open and that the doors of Jahannam are closed? The 'ulama' said this could either be [1] literal, meaning, the actual doors of Paradise are open when Ramaḍān enters, and the doors of Hellfire are closed. Or, it could mean [2] that because there are so many opportunities to do good, Paradise is open for anyone who seeks the reward, and because people are carrying out actions of obedience, the doors of the Hellfire are closed.

How could we not benefit and how could we not be forgiven when the Messenger of Allāh ṣallallāhu 'alayhi wa sallam said:

«Every night there are people that Allāh frees from the Hellfire [and that is in the Month of Ramadān]» 5 .

Proofs after proofs of how we could receive mercy, forgiveness, and salvation from the Hellfire. So, how could it be that this Month comes and we have individuals that do not benefit from it? We ask Allāh for safety. How could a person not be forgiven when the Messenger of Allāh ṣallallāhu ʿalayhi wa sallam said:

«Whoever establishes prayer during the nights of Rama \dot{q} ān out of sincere faith and in hope of reward, he will be forgiven his previous sins.»

² Qur'an: 2:185.

³ Qur'an: 97:1-3.

⁴ Related by Şaḥīḥ Musim.

 $^{^{5}}$ Related by al-Tirmith $\overline{\textbf{1}}$.

⁶ Related by Ṣaḥīḥ al-Bukhārī no. 37; and Muslim, no. 759.

In a narration:

«Whoever fasts the Month of Rama \dot{q} ān out of sincere faith and in hope of reward, he will be forgiven his previous sins.»

Now we understand why Jibrīl 'alayhis ṣalātu was-salām said:

<Whoever reaches the Month of Ramaḍān and is not forgiven, and he dies, then he will enter the Hellfire and Allāh will cast him far away.>

«Allāh will cast him far away» Some scholars have said this means he will be removed from Allāh's Mercy because of these reasons. This is because Allāh, out of His Mercy, has legislated so many things for us in Ramaḍān that even the most wretched person can seek forgiveness and attain salvation from the Hellfire. But with *all* what we have mentioned, Ramaḍān comes, and he has not benefited, Ramaḍān concludes, and he is not among those forgiven, then he must be a truly lost soul.

In Ramaḍān we have an action that will be rewarded without any limit. The Messenger of Allāh ṣallallāhu ʿalayhi wa sallam said: «All actions are for the son of Ādām except for Fasting, for that is for Allāh subḥānahu wa taʿālá.»

Allāh subhānahu wa ta'ālá has mentioned Himself:

«Every deed of the son of Ādām is for him, except fasting; it is for Me and I shall reward it.»

In one narration:

«An action can be multiplied between ten and seven-hundred times except Fasting [for it has no limit].»

Alḥamdulillāh, in this Month, we can fast, and there is no limit to the reward that Allāh subḥānahu wa taʿālá gives to His slave. The salaf used to say: this is a blessed Month. It has a Night that is equivalent to a thousand Months. So, whoever is prevented from gaining this great reward, then indeed, this person has been prevented.

We pray to Allāh subḥānahu wa taʿālá that He does not make us from the heedless who do not capitalize from the Month of Ramaḍān by standing in Prayer. We seek refuge in Allāh ʿazza wa jall from being among those who do not utilize Fasting in order to have their sins forgiven. We pray to Allāh that He makes us among ʿutaqā al-nār (those freed from the Hellfire) every night.

I wish to end by mentioning a final fā'idah and that is when Jibrīl 'alayhis-salām commanded the Messenger of Allāh to say: Āmīn. After Jibrīl supplicated, he commanded the Messenger to say: Āmīn. The 'ulamā' have said: look how severe and dangerous this affair is. Jibrīl 'alayhis-salām is making du'ā' against the individual who neither benefits from the Month of Ramaḍān when it comes, nor is he forgiven. And we know that Jibrīl does not do anything except by the command of Allāh. The command is actually coming from Allāh, He is the one who has commanded Jibrīl to make du'ā' against such individuals. And who is saying āmīn? It is the Messenger of Allāh şallallāhu 'alayhi wa sallam.

Our scholars say: what do you think the state of that person would be? Allāh has commanded Jibrīl to make a duʿāʾ, and Jibrīl is making it, and Prophet Muḥammad, who is the best of mankind, is saying: āmīn. That person, subḥān Allāh, is in a

 $^{^{7}}$ Related by Ṣaḥīḥ al-Bukhārī no. 2014.

⁸ Related by Ṣaḥīḥ al-Bukhārī no. 1761; and Muslim no. 1946.

very dangerous, dangerous situation. An Angel is making duʿāʾ against you and Prophet Muḥammad is saying: āmīn. This is something to really, really reflect upon, my brothers and my sisters.

One-third of Ramaḍān has already left us. Strive for what we have left. Day and night. Every hour. Every minute we have – strive. Strive to do those actions that will be pleasing to Allāh, so that Allāh may be pleased with and forgive us, and so that Ramaḍān may be for us. And not that it just passes us by and has no effect upon us.

In conclusion, my brothers and sisters, do not waste your Ramaḍān. Do not be from those individuals that lose out. Be from those individuals who have gained, who are delivered, and who are forgiven of their sins.

We pray to Allāh subḥānahu wa taʿālá that He makes us from them. And Allāh taʿālá knows best.

